



# VMware and Alternatives

Straight Answers to Tough Questions

Presented by: VMsources Group Inc.

# Agenda



- VMware and alternatives

- Introduction
- Why consider alternatives to VMware?
- Choices: VMware and realistic alternatives
- Hypervisors / Platforms compared
- VMware
- Proxmox VE
- Hyper-V
- Nutanix

- Vendor-Agnostic Reference Architecture

- Cluster Design and Deployment
- Hyperconverged Storage (HCI)
- Traditional SAN
- Cluster Sizing
- Cluster Performance
- Why a 3-Node Cluster?
- HCI Cluster Design
- Traditional Cluster Design
- “The Fine Print”

# Why consider alternatives to VMware?



- Cost and/or perception of cost for VMware
- Perceived loss of value/equity in VMware licensing under Broadcom
- VMware licensing options under Broadcom
- Future of VMware development/support

# VMware and realistic alternatives



VMware  
vSphere

Microsoft  
Hyper-V

Nutanix

Proxmox

Others?

# VMware vSphere



## Advantages

- Most widely used and trusted platform
- Single-pane-of-glass management with vCenter
- Highly scalable
- Core X86 architecture
- HCI with vSAN is native
- Supported by many Business Continuity suites

## Disadvantages

- Cost / perceived cost
- Extra cost for Hyperconverged storage with vSAN
- Future of product development & support
- Limited hardware compatibility
- Trial/free version available?

# Comparison of vSphere Licenses core features



## vSphere Enterprise Plus

- vCenter Standard
- Distributed Resource Scheduler (DRS)
- Distributed vSwitch
- vMotion
- Storage vMotion
- High Availability (HA)

## vSphere Standard

- vCenter Standard
- vMotion
- Storage vMotion
- High Availability (HA)

## vSphere Essentials Plus

- vCenter Essentials
- vMotion
- High Availability (HA)

vSphere Editions Compared: <https://www.vmware.com/docs/vmw-datasheet-vsphere-product-line-comparison>

# VMware Subscriptions, Packaging and Pricing



Package	Per Core MSRP	Licenses Included/Notes
vSphere Cloud Foundation	\$350	vSphere Enterprise Plus, vSAN Enterprise, Aria Suite Enterprise, NSX Networking for VCF, HCX Enterprise, Aria Operations for Networks Enterprise, SDDC Manager
		vSAN Enterprise 1 TiB free per-core licensed to be included in vSphere Cloud Foundation software release
vSphere Foundation	\$135	vSphere Enterprise Plus, vCenter Server Standard, Tanzu Kubernetes Grid, Aria Suite Standard, available Add-On's
		vSAN Enterprise 0.25TB per-core licensed to be included in vSphere Foundation software release
vSphere Standard	\$50	vSphere Standard, vCenter Server Standard
vSphere Essentials Plus Kit	\$35	vSphere Essentials Plus, vCenter Server Essentials
		*sold per 96-core kit, maximum of 3 hosts

Source: <https://community.veeam.com/blogs-and-podcasts-57/decoding-the-new-broadcom-vmware-vsphere-licensing-packages-for-small-deployments-6398>

# CPU Cores for VMware Clusters



- Choosing the correct number of cores for your VMware ESXi hosts is important
  - Broadcom has a minimum license requirement of 16 cores/CPU
    - More than 16 cores/CPU and you will need to buy additional licenses
    - Fewer than 16 cores/CPU and you will still need to license 16 cores/CPU
- Fast 16 core CPUs give you more bang for the buck over time with VMware/Broadcom

CPU Choice	vSphere STD/yr/cluster <sup>&amp;</sup>	Total CPU
12 cores/CPU X 6 CPUs@ 2.4 Ghz. (legacy cluster)	\$4,800*	172.6 Ghz.
24 cores/CPU X 6 CPUs @ 2.4 Ghz. (typical cluster)	\$7,200	345.6 Ghz. <sup>+</sup>
16 cores/CPU X 6 CPUs @ 3.6 Ghz. (optimized cluster)	\$4,800	345.6 Ghz. <sup>#</sup>

<sup>&</sup>Cluster size = 3 hosts / 6 CPUs

\*12 core CPUs will be licensed at 16 cores due to Broadcom license terms

<sup>+</sup>24 core CPUs are affordable, but will cost more annually in your VMware/Broadcom license and typically have a lower speed

<sup>#</sup>16 core CPUs @ 3.4 Ghz. cost a little more, but yield the same COMPUTE for a lower annual license cost





# VMware Licensing Cost



<b>vSphere Licensing Options</b>			
	<b>Single host with 2 X 8-Core CPUs</b>	<b>3-Host cluster with 6 X 16-core CPUs</b>	<b>3-Host cluster with 6 X 24-core CPUs</b>
<b>vSphere Standard <sup>A</sup></b>	\$3,600/year (72 cores/contract)	\$4,800/year (vSAN not included)	\$7,200/year (vSAN not included)
<b>vSphere Foundation <sup>B</sup></b>	\$9,720/year (72 cores/contract)	\$12,960/year (vSAN up to 24 TB)	\$19,440/year (vSAN up to 36 TB)
<b>vSphere Cloud Foundation <sup>C</sup></b>	\$25,200/year (72 cores/contract)	\$33,600/year (vSAN up to 96 TB)	\$50,300/year (vSAN up to 144 TB)
<b>vSphere Essentials Plus Kit <sup>D</sup></b>	\$3,360/year	\$3,360/year (vSAN not included)	Not Available, exceeds 96 core capacity
<b>vSphere “fine print”</b>			
<sup>A</sup> vSphere Standard, vCenter Server Standard <sup>B</sup> vSphere Enterprise Plus, vCenter Server Standard, 0.25TB/core vSAN Enterprise <sup>C</sup> vSphere Enterprise Plus, vCenter Server Standard, 1TB/core vSAN Enterprise <sup>D</sup> vSphere Essentials Plus, vCenter Server Essentials, per 96-core kit, maximum 3 hosts			

# Real-World CAPEX for VMware Clusters



## VMware with traditional SAN

- 3-node HPE cluster (\$104,000)
  - 6 X Intel 6444Y 3.6GHz 16C CPU
  - 576 GB RAM
  - 6 X 1TB Install SSD
  - 18 TB NET HPE MSA iSCSI SAN
  - 3-yr Tech Care Essential Warranty
- On-Site installation 4-days

## VMware with vSAN

- 3-node HPE cluster (\$127,000)
  - 6 X Intel 6444Y 3.6GHz 16C CPU
  - 576 GB RAM
  - 6 X 1TB Install SSD
  - 16 TB vSAN NET
    - 6 X 1TB Cache Disks
    - 12 X 4 TB Capacity disks
  - 3-yr Tech Care Essential Warranty
- On-site installation 4-days

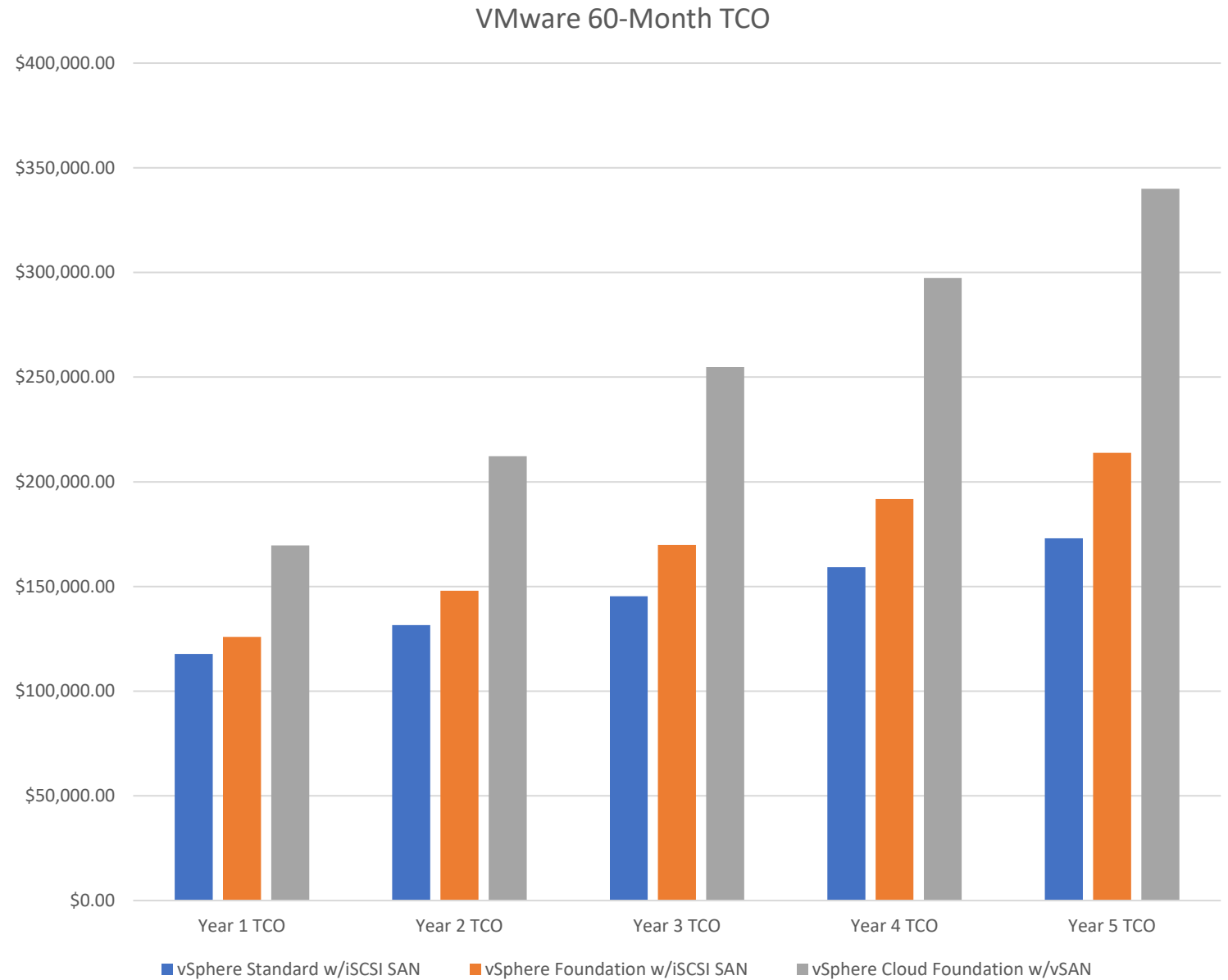


# CAPEX + OPEX for VMware Clusters



	vSphere Standard w/iSCSI SAN	vSphere Foundation w/iSCSI SAN	vSphere Cloud Foundation w/vSAN
<b>CAPEX</b>			
<b>Cluster Hardware</b>	\$95,000.00	\$95,000.00	\$116,000.00
<b>On-prem Installation</b>	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00
<b>TOTAL CAPEX:</b>	\$104,000.00	\$104,000.00	\$125,000.00
<b>OPEX</b>			
<b>MSP</b>	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00
<b>VMware</b>	\$4,800.00	\$12,960.00	\$33,600.00
<b>TOTAL OPEX:</b>	\$13,800.00	\$21,960.00	\$42,600.00

# VMware 60- Month TCO



# Proxmox VE



## Advantages





- Cost
- KVM Hypervisor
- Wide hardware compatibility
- HCI included at all license levels
- Proxmox full feature Open-Source edition – no cost, no support
- Supported by many Business Continuity suites
- Has native backup/DRaaS Tools
- Embedded migration from VMware
- **Native container support**

## Disadvantages

- Manageable only per cluster
- Required Linux / technical skills

# Proxmox VE Pricing



 <b>PREMIUM</b> All you'll ever need	 <b>STANDARD</b> Most popular	 <b>BASIC</b> For growing businesses	 <b>COMMUNITY</b> Starting out
<b>€ 1060</b> /year & CPU socket	<b>€ 530</b> /year & CPU socket	<b>€ 355</b> /year & CPU socket	<b>€ 115</b> /year & CPU socket
<a href="#">Buy now</a>	<a href="#">Buy now</a>	<a href="#">Buy now</a>	<a href="#">Buy now</a>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Access to Enterprise repository</li><li>✓ Complete feature-set</li><li>✓ Support via Customer Portal</li><li>✓ <b>Unlimited support tickets</b></li><li>✓ Response time: 2 hours* within a business day</li><li>✓ Remote support (via SSH)</li><li>✓ Offline subscription key activation</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Access to Enterprise repository</li><li>✓ Complete feature-set</li><li>✓ Support via Customer Portal</li><li>✓ <b>10 support tickets/year</b></li><li>✓ Response time: 4 hours* within a business day</li><li>✓ Remote support (via SSH)</li><li>✓ Offline subscription key activation</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Access to Enterprise repository</li><li>✓ Complete feature-set</li><li>✓ Support via Customer Portal</li><li>✓ <b>3 support tickets/year</b></li><li>✓ Response time: 1 business day</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Access to Enterprise repository</li><li>✓ Complete feature-set</li><li>✓ Community support</li></ul>

# Proxmox VE Licensing Cost



	Single host with 2 X 8-Core CPUs	3-Host cluster with 6 X 16-core CPUs	3-Host cluster with 6 X 24-core CPUs
<b>Proxmox VE Licensing Options</b>			
<b>Proxmox VE Open-Source*<sup>1</sup></b>	€0/year	€0/year	€0/year
<b>Proxmox VE Community**</b>	€230/year	€690/year	€690/year
<b>Proxmox VE Basic**<sup>#</sup></b>	€710/year	€2,130/year	€2,130/year
<b>Proxmox VE Standard**<sup>#</sup></b>	€1,060/year	€3,180/year	€3,180/year
<b>Proxmox VE Premium**<sup>#</sup></b>	€2,120/year	€6,360/year	€6,360/year

## Proxmox VE “fine print”

\*All Versions Include Complete Feature Set including clustering and HCI CEPH Storage

+Access to Enterprise Repositories

#Includes support tickets with Proxmox

<sup>1</sup>No-Subscription Repository only

# Real-World CAPEX for Proxmox Clusters



## Proxmox VE with traditional SAN

- 3-node HPE cluster (\$104,000)
  - 6 X Intel 6444Y 3.6GHz 16C CPU
  - 576 GB RAM
  - 6 X 1TB Install SSD
  - 18 TB NET HPE MSA iSCSI SAN
  - 3-yr Tech Care Essential Warranty
- On-Site installation 4-days

## Proxmox VE with HCI CEPH Storage

- 3-node HPE cluster (\$127,000)
  - 6 X Intel 6444Y 3.6GHz 16C CPU
  - 576 GB RAM
  - 6 X 1TB Install SSD
  - 16 TB vSAN NET
    - 6 X 1TB Cache Disks
    - 12 X 4 TB Capacity disks
  - 3-yr Tech Care Essential Warranty
- On-site installation 4-days

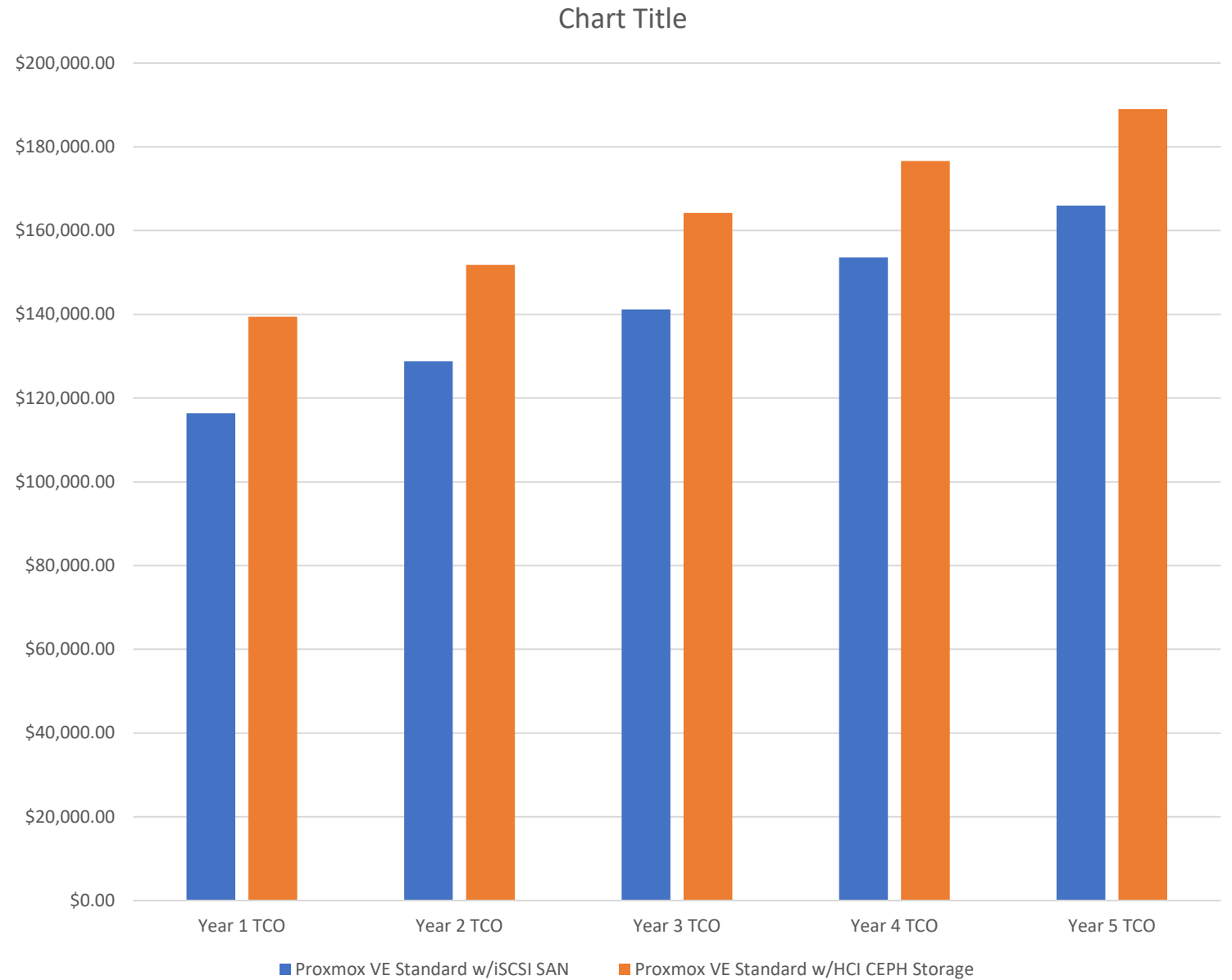


# CAPEX + OPEX for Proxmox VE Clusters



	Proxmox VE Standard w/iSCSI SAN	Proxmox VE Standard w/HCI CEPH Storage
<b>CAPEX</b>		
Cluster Hardware	\$95,000.00	\$118,000.00
On-prem Installation	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00
<b>TOTAL CAPEX:</b>	<b>\$104,000.00</b>	<b>\$127,000.00</b>
<b>OPEX</b>		
MSP	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00
Proxmox VE Standard	\$3,180.00	\$3,150.00
<b>TOTAL OPEX:</b>	<b>\$12,180.00</b>	<b>\$12,180.00</b>

# Proxmox VE 60-Month TCO



# Microsoft Hyper-V



## Advantages

- Included with Windows Server
- Supported by many Business Continuity suites
- Wide hardware compatibility
- 180-day trial

## Disadvantages

- Systems Center licensing extra
- Complex management consoles
- No native HCI options at this time
- Struggle with scalability of networking and managing many networks



# Real-World CAPEX for Hyper-V Clusters



- Hyper-V with traditional SAN
  - 3-node HPE cluster (\$104,000)
    - 6 X Intel 6444Y 3.6GHz 16C CPU
    - 576 GB RAM
    - 6 X 1TB Install SSD
    - 18 TB NET HPE MSA iSCSI SAN
    - 3-yr Tech Care Essential Warranty
  - On-Site installation 4-days



## Advantages

- Nutanix AHV Hypervisor (Based on KVM)
- Nutanix Prism management console
- Supported by many Business Continuity suites
- Has native backup/DRaaS Tools
- Migration tools from VMware
- Trial: Nutanix CE

## Disadvantages

- Cost
- HCI only, traditional SAN discouraged or not supported
- Limited HCL
- Probably requires full hardware refresh
- No published pricing

# Nutanix License Cost

- Nutanix is proprietary and does not publish prices

# Real-World CAPEX for Nutanix Clusters



- Nutanix HCI Cluster
- 3-node HPE cluster (\$127,000)
  - 6 X Intel 6444Y 3.6GHz 16C CPU
  - 576 GB RAM
  - 6 X 1TB Install SSD
  - 16 TB vSAN NET
    - 6 X 1TB Cache Disks
    - 12 X 4 TB Capacity disks
  - 3-yr Tech Care Essential Warranty
- On-site installation 4-days

# Vendor-Agnostic Reference Architecture

Straight Answers to Tough Questions



# Cluster Design and Deployment



- Maximizing your investment through smart choices
  - Platform choice
  - Hyperconverged (HCI) storage or traditional SAN?
  - Cluster network speed

# Let's consider Hyperconverged Storage (HCI)



## Advantages

- Requires no traditional SAN
- Potentially very fast
- Scalable
- Supports deduplication and encryption-at-rest

## Disadvantages

- Inefficient disk use in smaller clusters
- Cost of disks plus licensing may be prohibitive
- May have limited hardware/disk compatibility

# HCI Considerations



- Requires 3 nodes for quorum
- Requires 10GbE or faster networking
- HCI provides availability through “Network RAID” or “Storage Policy”
- You need to have at least one<sup>1</sup> full copy of all your data on an additional node if not two<sup>2</sup> additional nodes
  - A 1 TB Virtual Machine running in a 3-node HCI cluster will either consume 2 TB or 3 TB

4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	1 TB		
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	1 TB		
					72 TB RAW
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	1 TB		35 TB NET <sup>1</sup>
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	1 TB		24 TB NET <sup>2</sup>
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	1 TB		
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	1 TB		

<sup>1</sup> Primary level of failures to tolerate (PFTT) = 1

<sup>2</sup> Primary level of failures to tolerate (PFTT) = 2



# Traditional SAN



- Traditional SANs:
  - Use RAID to achieve availability and RAM for cache
  - Present NET storage capacity after RAID
  - Support deduplication and encryption-at-rest

Traditional SAN 10 X 4 TB SSD / RAID 6 (N-2)					
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	40 TB RAW
4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	4 TB	32 TB NET

# Cluster Sizing



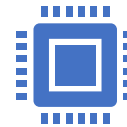
Determine total workload requirement



Build in expected growth



Size your cluster N-1 (up to 8 nodes) or N-2 (9-16 nodes) to accommodate maintenance / node failure



Right-size the CPU to minimize licensing cost



Choose storage to meet capacity needs



With multiple cluster locations, consider deploying uniform server specifications to facilitate hardware interchangeability

# Cluster Performance



- Cluster performance requirements will dictate many aspects of reference architecture requirements
  - Are there applications which require a minimum CPU speed?
  - Are there databases or other storage-performance sensitive workloads?

# Why a 3-Node Cluster?

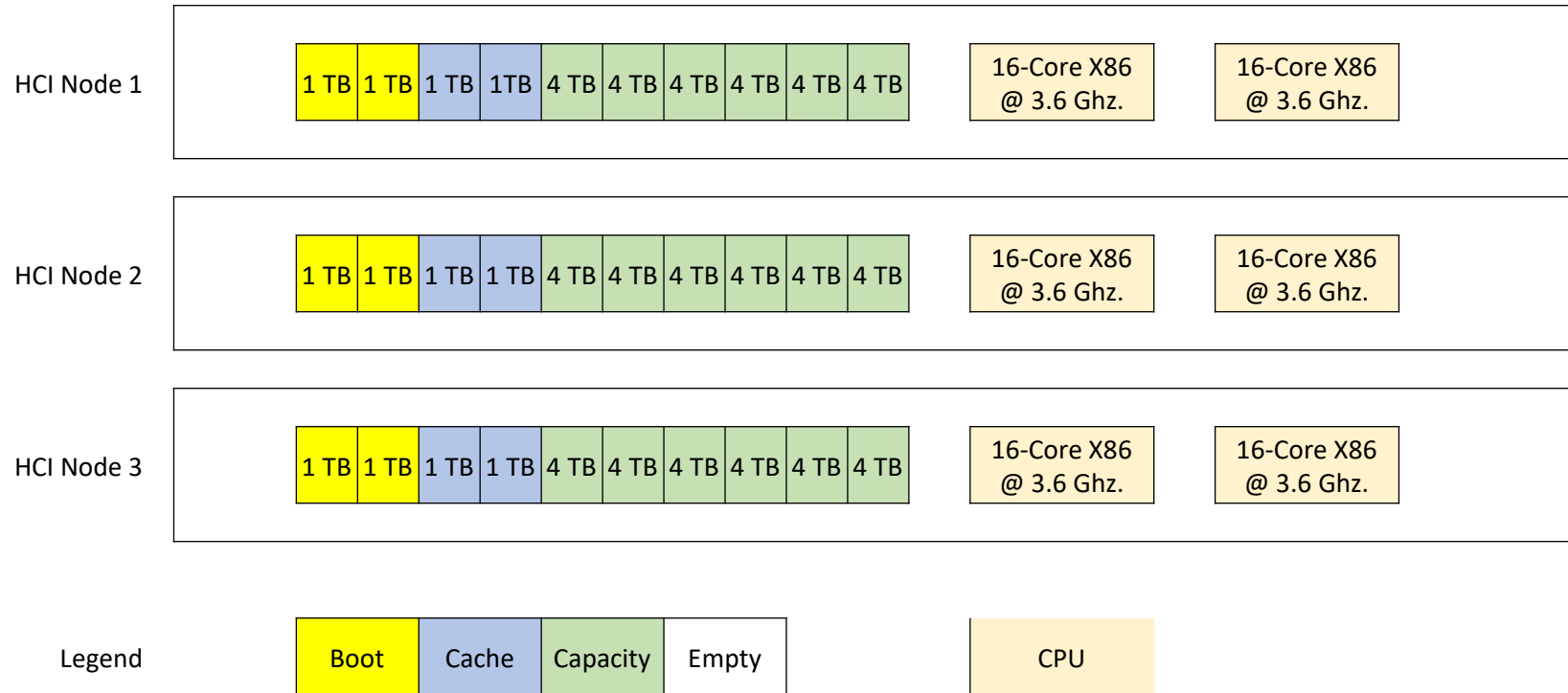


- 3-node clusters are the meat and potatoes of Private Cloud computing
  - Scalable to support hundreds of high-performance workloads
  - Higher speed network with less physical switch traffic
  - More economical licensing
  - Less power consumption
  - Smaller footprint
- 3-node clusters can be configured with up to:
  - 2995 Ghz. (768 cores)
  - 6 or more TB of RAM
  - 72 HDD / SSD / NVMe drive slots
  - Enough Compute for several hundred high-performance workloads

# HCI Cluster Design



HCI Cluster: 6 X Boot, 6 X Cache, 18 X 4 TB Capacity

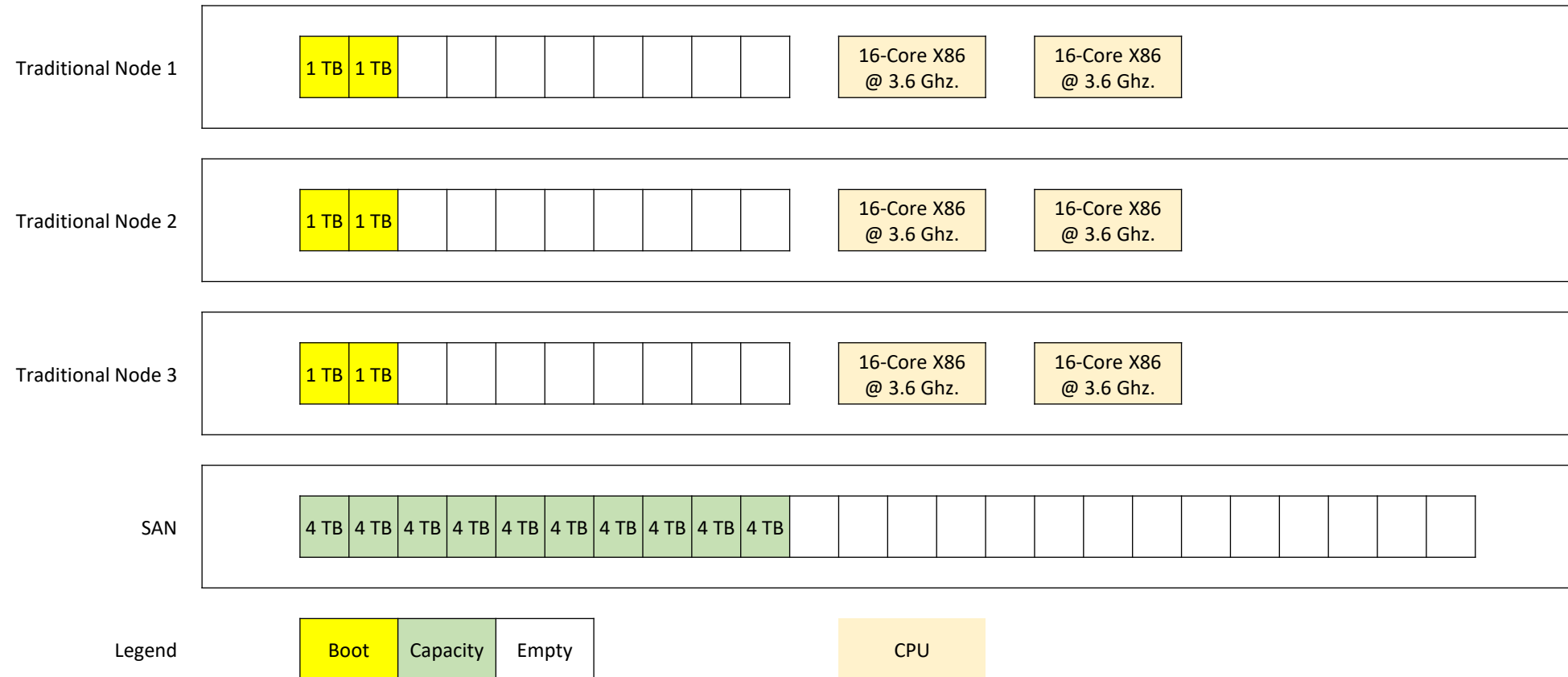




# Traditional Cluster Design



Traditional SAN: 6 X Boot, 10X Capacity, Controller Cache



# “The Fire Print”



**Integrators and OEM vendors will often undersize their designs and quotes, just to get you to sign on the bottom line:**

Leaves you holding the bag after deployment

You either stay the course and make excuses for needing more money

Or you admit you were wrong and fire the vendor



**Some vendors will sell single-node or two-node “HCI” clusters**

This is nothing more than local storage, possibly supplemented with backup or replication

Two-node HCI clusters with a “witness” node are feasible but risky



**Deduplication / Compression can work well**

Deduplication and compression requires considerable Compute resources from the cluster where applied, be sure to account for that in cluster sizing



**Vendor “Appliances”**

Vendor “appliances” can range the gamut, but you need to check the spec’s and make sure that latest-gen CPUs and sufficient RAM are provided.

# About VMsources



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Simplicity is elegance



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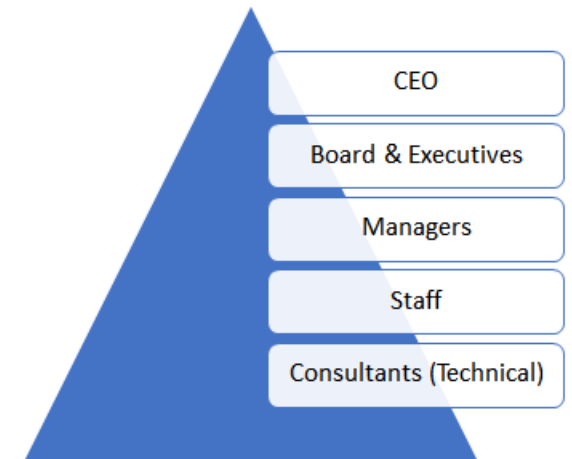


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Traditional IT Organization



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